

# *The Arizona Legislative Alert* [UUJAZ](#) / [VUU](#)

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## AZ Legislative Update: 02/08

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February 8, 2020

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### How to read this report!!

- Read the highlights to just help continue your on-going education about “what’s happening” in Arizona (and a hint of the national scene).
- Then, scroll to the topics you are most interested in, and scrutinize many of the bills in that topic that would have an impact (positive or negative) on social justice.
- AND, if you are signed up for “request to speak,” search for those that have “Hearing”, and weigh in on these using RTS.
- If a bill is marked “moving” but does NOT have a hearing scheduled, the best thing to do is notify YOUR legislators how you feel about that bill.

Finally, check the “action items” to see if there’s something you would be willing and able to do. Happy reading!!

What’s Inside? [The National Scene](#) [The ERA](#) [Highlights](#) (State) [Action Ideas](#)  
Details : [Democracy/Voting](#) [Economics \(wages, safety net, taxation\)](#) [Education](#)  
[Environment \(water, air, pollution\)](#) [Guns/Crime](#) [Health](#) [Human Rights \(women, LGBT+, immigrants, race\)](#)

Resources: [How to use Request to Speak](#) [How to use Resist.Bot](#) [Contacts](#) [Action](#)

[If the internal links are not working, go to the PDF: <http://files.vuu.org/uujaz/2019/alert-020820.pdf>

**The Impeachment -** The Senate voted to acquit on both counts. DJT seems to be out for revenge, and we'll just have to wait and see how his divisive, vengeance-seeking response is received by the electorate. We'll know for sure in November, 2020. [Resist.bot](#) is the easiest and quickest way to let the Senators know what you think.

**The Democratic Primaries –** WAY too much has been made about Iowa! And the same will happen Tuesday with New Hampshire. Except for “momentum” (which seems to change with every poll), these early primaries may not tell us much this year. Why? There are 41 delegates that will be allocated out of Iowa (and 33 out of NH). It takes 1,990 to win the Democratic primary! Democratic primaries use proportional representation, NOT “winner take all.” And, history may not be that good a guide, as there was no Mike Bloomberg waiting in the wings.

A bold prediction: by the time of the [Arizona primary, March 17](#), the chances are good that no candidate will have enough delegates to “win” the Democratic nomination. In fact, even 538 puts the odds at about 27% that a candidate will have “won” by the time of the Democratic convention, July 13-16, in Milwaukee. (Read more about how the Democratic primaries actually work here: <https://www.vuu.org/legislative-advocacy/>. The Republican primary – same day in Arizona, but uncontested. Want to vote and not sure you are eligible? Start with the Secretary of State office / elections and then link to your county recorder: <https://azsos.gov/elections>

## State Legislative Highlights –

You can use [Request to Speak](#) on the bills that have hearings scheduled -- if you signed up this year or last year! Try it. Write down the bill #, get on the site, and then scroll down and follow directions. Any bill that has a hearing!!

- **Budget** – Nothing new on the budget. However, here is a wonderful report, “In Search of a State Budget that Provides Opportunity for All,” from the Arizona Center for Economic Progress that is well worth a read. <https://www.azeconcenter.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/02/AZ-In-Search-2020-web.pdf>. The Republicans currently have three different budget proposals with slight but interesting differences in terms of priorities – a Senate Republican budget, House Republican budget, and Governor’s budget. All have tax cuts that isn’t what Arizona needs right now.

**Democracy / Voting** – There are many bills that need opposition as they either suppress the vote or work against the citizen initiative process, but here’s two that especially merit attention:

**SB1020** puts a “warning” label into every citizen initiative / referenda explaining how hard it ever will be to change it if at some time in the future the Legislature does not like the new law! This passed the Senate, so contact YOUR Arizona House member and alert them to how this bill again suppresses the ability of Arizona citizens to express their constitutional rights. A bill that would suppress the vote is up for a hearing Monday-- **SB1032** (use RTS if you are signed up). It prohibits a person from “curing” their mailed in ballot (that is, making corrections) if they forgot to sign the outside envelope. Currently, county recorders almost always will call a voter who has turned in an early ballot if it has some kind of technical problem on the outside envelope. This bill prohibits a citizen from signing the envelope that is sealed and has their name printed on it, but they forgot to sign. There are 22 other bills in the “Democracy / voting” section you might be interested in. Would you believe one of these **HCR2016** is another call for an Article V convention. If you are not familiar with that – read on to see why it should concern you regardless of the proposed content. **HB2054** would seriously weaken the Clean Elections committee by enabling the partisan Governor’s Regulatory Review Commission the right to review and nullify actions or rules of the Clean Elections Commission, upon request of a single person. This bill is still moving but not before a committee. A small step toward greater election security passed both chambers unanimously and was signed by the Governor (**SB1135**).

**Economic Justice - Taxation** The best bill in this category that is moving at all probably is **SB1134** which requires the Tax Credit Review board to assess the extent to which a proposed tax credit will increase over time, thereby showing how much money it would take out of the general fund in the future. This is **SB1134** that is not scheduled for this week, but passed committee 9-0. The worst bill? Too many to even mention! Mostly tax cuts, increased deductions, and tax credits. The AZ Legislative Alert covers 17 such bills, four of which are scheduled for the Rules committee on Monday and all ought to be killed as the cumulative hit on the general fund would be huge, even though most of these do not yet even have the “fiscal note” prepared! These are **SB1296, SB1398, SB1237** and **HB2002**. Also, Arizona has its own TABOR bill that is moving – these tie income tax rates to population growth and inflation so that the per capita funding can never actually increase, and gets worse during economic downturns This is **SB1489**.

**Economic Justice – Safety Net** - Two bills worth supporting are being heard this week! You can use RTS on these. The first is **SB1323**, that would make it more likely for children in kinship foster care to be eligible for Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF). This passed the Appropriations committee last week and is on the Rules committee agenda for Monday. The second is **HB2104** that lets persons use education in lieu of work requirements for childcare assistance. It is being heard 02/13 at 8:30 a.m.

**Education** - We still need a huge outcry against **SB1224** this year’s voucher expansion bill that passed committee last week (6-3) and is on the Rules committee agenda for Monday. This bill was amended even before being heard as the chair changed it from allowing Empowerment Scholarship accounts to be used within 2 miles of any Indian Reservation in adjacent states to

being within 2 miles of the AZ border. That definitely narrows the scope, but the problem with ESAs is the logic behind this legislation. As chair Sylvia Allen explained – the parents become independent contractors, entering into a contract with the state whereby the parents take responsibility for their child’s education and the state then gives them the money that otherwise would have gone to a neighborhood school and lets them use it for private, religious, or home schooling. With that logic, what difference does it make if the school is in Arizona or New Mexico or New York or a homeschooling outing in Paris!! The ESA program has crept well beyond the special needs students for which it was created, and even the resounding defeat of Proposition 305 has not stopped the Legislature from continuing their efforts to expand it .

The Education section (scroll down) covers 27 other bills, including a complicated “pair” of bills that would increase sales tax (if approved by citizens) to one cent rather than .6 of one percent (**SCR1002**); and **SB1059** that would distribute the funds entirely to education and also would provide more local flexibility. Both are moving but not on an agenda this week. Problem? Money to schools – yes; but not enough; and it is a regressive tax that hits lower income people the most.

- A controversial bill that is moving but NOT scheduled anywhere this week is **HB2015** that passed committee 6-5. It would limit a teacher’s ability to bring supplementary material into a classroom without approval from the governing board. ALSO, some of the provisions from **SB1082** on sex education have been slipped into the bill. It will get approved by the Rules committee (which almost never kills anything), and then go for a floor vote.

**Environment -** Two bills are moving that are on the Sierra Club’s “OPPOSE” list These are **HB2686** and **SB1222** – both of which limit local government ability to limit extension of gas lines in areas for new construction. **HB2686** passed committee 8-5. And the second one passed 4-3. Neither is on the Rules committee agenda this week, however.

**Human Rights -** There are a plethora of anti-transgender bills that have been introduced, but one that is moving is **HB2076** that would prohibit a person who has trans from male to female to participate in sports in Arizona – even intramural sports! **HB2706** will be heard Thursday. Trans people should be respected for the gender they believe they are. A bill worth supporting is **HB2642** that brings pregnant women into the anti-discrimination legislation barring discrimination in the work place. This passed committee last week 9-0 but is not scheduled this week. Scroll down to Human Rights section to see more.

**Guns / Crime –** A real concern has been registered by Gun Violence Prevention Program against **HB2089** that requires every school district to create a threat assessment team. The problem here is that these teams can too easily get into the business of racial and social class profiling, and identify school children as threats who actually are not. This is up for a hearing 02/12 and perhaps could be strengthened to actually protect safety without racial / social class / gender wrongful “targeting” or just kill this bill and let local schools have more flexibility.

**Health** - There are at least three bills needing opposition that are scheduled for hearings this week and several to support. **SCR1020** if approved by the voters would exempt public safety and health citizen initiatives / referenda from being protected by the Voter Protection Act enabling the Legislature to simply overturn such initiatives (hearing 02/13). The second is a resolution asserting Arizona's support for the federal anti abortion act, the "born alive survivor's act." This bill has no practical effect except to reaffirm Arizona's own "born alive" act. And the third is **SB1328** that passed 5-4 – another anti-abortion bill with two parts. One part provides \$1.5 million for the 2-1-1 hotline but prohibits abortion information on it and the other provides \$1.5 million for a non profit to provide prenatal care services that do not mention abortion or provide information on abortion or family planning services. SB1328 is on the Senate Rules committee agenda Monday. The companion bill, HB2388, passed committee 5-4 but is not yet scheduled for the House Rules committee.

And, good news, there are now at least eight different bills that expand Arizona's Medicaid program (AHCCCS) and all are moving! Four have hearings this week: **SB1472** (02/12), **SB1170**, (02/11), **HB2727** (02/13), and HB2632 (02/13). You can use RTS on these. Or contact your legislators and let them know that health care should be available and affordable to everyone.

## Detailed Descriptions and Status of Arizona Social Justice Bills, by Topic (RTS can be used on any bill scheduled for a hearing, BEFORE the hearing).

To sign up, you need to go to the capitol, read more below.

### **Democracy / voting**

**Hearing 02/12, Federal Relations.** [HCR2016](#) article V convention; term limits. This is a call for Arizona to join other states in proposing a national constitutional convention using the "Article V" provision in the U.S. Constitution. Two thirds of the states would need to agree to the proposal, so it is not likely to happen any time soon, but BEWARE. The purpose of this one is stated to be limited to setting term limits for members of the U.S. House and Senate. The problem is that a constitutional convention, once called for any purpose through Article V, can easily (and probably) become a "runaway" convention that could propose as many amendments as they want to the U.S. constitution. Most constitutional scholars say "NO" to the idea of calling one of these as no entity – including the U.S. Supreme Court – would have any jurisdiction over it. Suggestion: No matter what you think about term limits – an Article V convention is NOT a good way to get it done. Read a special AZ Legislative Update report on it here:

<http://files.vuu.org/uujaz/2019/articleVpaper2019.pdf>

**Hearing 02/13** [HCR2020](#) lieutenant governor; joint candidacy. Another attempt to get Arizona to have Governor and Lt. Governor run as a “slate.” There are arguments for and against – many states do it this way. It would prevent a death or resignation resulting in a change of party in the Governor’s office, as has happened before. It also lets the Lt. Governor break ties in legislative votes.

**Hearing. 02/10 rules** [SB1434](#) recall petitions and elections; Tightens up the requirements for recall petitions, making them more similar to recall petitions for initiatives and referenda, and therefore more easily invalidated later. Passed committee 5-2. On Rules agenda Monday. Gowan, R, 14.

**Hearing 02 /10 rules .** [SCR1018](#) independent redistricting commission; population standards. This requires no legislative district to be 5000 persons larger than any other. The problem is that this breaks up the Navajo nation and in the past has been opposed for that reason. It passed on party line vote and is on Rules committee agenda. Mesnard, R, 17

**Moving.** [HR2004](#) supporting the electoral college (Lawrence, R, 23). This is simply a resolution saying that the House supports the electoral college and rejects efforts to repeal it. Has no effect, but signals opposition to the “national popular vote compact” that others are urging Arizona to join. Passed committee 6-4. No one has introduced the national popular vote compact bill this year.

**Hearing 02/11 Elections.** [HB2268](#) election complaints; attorney general House elections committee. This bill enables any person to take a complaint directly to the attorney general, including even during the conduct of an election whereby the bill permits a representative from the AG office to enter an election place. Not clear what the problem is that this bill is directed toward. The hearing might shed some light on that. Was held over from last week. Sponsor is Townsend R, LD 16.

**Passed Senate** [Sb1020 – ballot / initiative “warning” - Passed Committee 4-3 and Senate, 17-13.](#) This legislation adds into any initiative on the ballot a “warning” that this legislation can’t be changed without a 3/4 vote of legislature that also furthers the purpose of the initiative. Any other changes have to go back to the voters. The intent here is keep the power of legislating in the hands of the legislature and, since initiatives are commonly used in Arizona to promote progressive causes, this is intended to thwart the progressive agenda. Ugenti-rita, (R, LD 23). .

**Hearing 02/10.** [Sb1032 – ballot signature on envelope -](#) In Arizona, voters who mail in their early ballots sign the envelope, and also print their name on the outside of the envelope. If a ballot is incomplete, county recorders are allowed to notify the voter to “fix” their ballot. This bill says that if a ballot is received that does not have a signature on the envelope, no one can add it and by implication, the voter cannot be notified to come in and “fix” (“cure”) their ballot.

Ugenti-rita (R, LD 23). Another effort to suppress the vote. Passed substantive committee 4-3 and is up for the Monday Rules committee. Really need an outcry about this as it seems directed at something that is not a problem and that would hamper efforts to insure everyone's vote is counted.

**Signed.** [SB1135](#) - elections; counting center; electronic adjudication – passed committee 7-0, Senate 28-0 and House 60-0. E. Farnsworth has introduced this bill to monitor / verify digital aspects of elections. A small step toward securing elections and preventing actual fraud.

[Sb1067](#) – restore felony voting rights -\_automatically restore voting rights of felons upon completion of probation or absolute release from prison. The rights would be restored, and the judge would be required to inform a person being sentenced for a felony that their voting rights will automatically be restored when they are released from prison and/or complete probation. (Quezada, D, LD 29). There also is a House bill, 2558.

[Sb1077](#) – expand use of mail ballot \_permits counties to use mail ballots for elections including federal and state elections. (Bowie, D, LD 18)

**Maybe Dead** [Sb1092](#) – delivering early ballots -\_\_**Pulled from committee! No Vote.**\_ For persons delivering more than just their own early ballots to a polling place, the person has to show that one belongs to him/her; if they are delivering another ballot, they have to show they are a family member, household member, or caregiver. Several minority advocacy groups have programs to deliver early ballots to voters who are part of their group or their neighborhood and then they also pick them up and take them to a polling place. Elderly people, those in assisting living and nursing homes, and others use this kind of service to insure their ballots are delivered. The ballots are already sealed, have the person's signature on the envelope. This bill has been introduced before and is intended to stop this practice of helping people vote. (Ugenti-Rita R, LD 23). Hearing was Thursday, 1/23 but pulled by sponsor. Lots of organized opposition. Also thwarting the possibility of this bill making it through is the 9<sup>th</sup> Circuit Court ruling last week that a previous bill making it a crime to return someone else's early ballot is illegal. In a divided decision, the majority concluded that the Republican-controlled Legislature enacted the restriction in 2016 with the goal of suppressing minority votes. And Justice William Fletcher, a President Clinton appointee writing for the majority, said the record shows that HB 2023 had that effect. The court also voided a separate provision which says that the entire ballot is discarded if someone votes in the wrong precinct on Election Day. The judges said the state should count the votes that would have been legal had the person been at the right place, such as for a statewide office like governor.

[Hb2043](#) - photo ID cards -\_high school and\_college id cards cannot be used as photo ids for voting or to obtain a voting card even though they have the person's picture on them. Proponents suspect college students of voter fraud; supporters point out that voter fraud among college students is not extensive and not documented. They say this bill is mainly to prevent

younger voters from being able to vote in the area where they attend school. (Townsend, R, LD 16).

**Moving** Regulatory Affairs. HB2054 GRRC: petition to request review. Passed committee 1/27 4-3. (Bisiacci, R, 5). The Governor's Regulatory Review Commission has seven members, six appointed by the Governor, Speaker of the House and President of the Senate with no requirement for partisan balance. The GRRC reviews regulations. This bill 2054 strengthens the ability of any individual to challenge the Citizen's Election Commission by inserting language that the person challenging a Clean Elections Commission Ruling only has to claim that the CEC is interpreting rules or policy and the person making the challenge believes it violates law or constitution. This is part of a nation-wide and Arizona "regulation rollback" strategy to eliminate existing regulations and block new ones, particularly those of the Clean Elections Commission.

**Moving** Hb2092 – selling land to the Federal Government – Passed committee, 4-3. sale, gift or grant or any other transfer of an ownership interest in any other privately owned real property to the federal government is prohibited without the ... consent of the legislature and the Governor. This bill is intended to prevent any more land going to the federal government (as for national parks, national monuments, etc.) even if it belongs to a private person who wants to sell or give it to the federal government. The rationale is that it takes property tax away from the state. The more fundamental reason is the antipathy of some people in some western states, including Arizona, to the federal government in general. (Finchem, R, LD 11).

Hb2137 – police in the polling place - requires a law enforcement officer inside each polling place. Another attempt to frighten some legitimate voters, especially minority voters, from voting by simply frightening them away from the polling place. No good reasons are offered for why police are needed in or around polling places unless a disturbance of some kind has been reported. (Lawrence, R, 23).

HB2238 universities; public policy events Kern, R, LD 20. This bill is intended in sure all sides of an issue are heard on a University campus by requiring the AZ Board of Regents to create an Office of Public Policy Events that will organize and pay for speakers to come to University campuses for debates, panel discussions, and so on. The sponsor, Kern, acknowledges that student groups may also invite and sponsor speakers and would not have to include opposing views. But Kern said this new public policy office would be charged with at least keeping track of all those speakers and creating a report, possibly for legislative leaders. The irony here is that almost all speakers on campus already are sponsored by student groups, so in a sense, this bill could simply add more speakers, or it could be used as a way to control what students here.

HB2272 postelection equipment testing. Adds the automatic counting equipment to the post election equipment testing. Thorpe, r, LD 6.

**Held 1/28 HB2304** federal only ballots; paper; tabulation Federal only ballots have to be printed on colored paper, tabulated separately and kept in a separate place. This was held Tuesday in House Elections committee.. Probably just a nuisance bill but could serve to stigmatize federal-only voters who are those who did not have the extensive ID requirements needed for state and local voting in Arizona. More of the laws that suppress voting. Townsend, R, 16

**HB2343** - early voting; identification required – Early voting ballots cannot be just dropped off at a polling place, but instead the person dropping them off has to sign a log and show identification. Fillmore, R, LD 16. This bill is intended to halt the practice of anyone dropping off a large number of early ballots at a polling place without having to stand in line.

**Moving Elections, HHR 4. HB2364** - election law amendments – Passed committee 10-0. changes to election law and how long early voting drop off places can be open and when they have to close before the election. Appears to be mainly a “fix up” rather than substantive changes that would have an adverse or positive impact on voting accessibility and since it passed with no Democratic opposition, it probably is mainly a “fix up” bill.

**HB2558** voting rights; felonies; automatic restoration. See Senate bill (above). Would automatically restore voting rights after sentence is served.

### **Economic justice – taxation**

**Moving. SB1489** individual income tax; rate adjustment. Passed committee 6-3-1. This is one of those bills that ties income tax increases to changes in inflation and population growth in such a way that the per capita expenditures can never get any more generous. The bill requires that if there is any surplus at the end of a fiscal year, 50% of it is returned through a cut in the tax rates. Called a “TABOR” tax in some states (Taxpayer bill of rights), it is a technique proposed by conservatives to limit expansion of government. One of the problems, as has been apparent in Colorado, is that when a recession occurs, the revenue drops precipitously and TABOR-like provisions prevent it from reaching pre-recession levels. Could candidate for contacting YOUR legislator.

**Hearing 02/10 SB1296** internal revenue code; conformity. (Mesnard, R, 17). Finance committee passed it 8-0-2 and is on Rules committee agenda Monday. There would be a huge cost to the general fund according to the bill: 16.4 million in 2020; 13.1 million in 2021 and 7.5 million in 2022. The bill rationalizes the tax cut as conforming AZ to the federal cuts of 2016. Not clear why the Democrats on the committee voted for it.

**Hearing 02/10 rules** [SB1398](#) tax omnibus (Mesnard, R, 17). Passed finance committee on a party line vote 6-3-1. There is still no fiscal impact statement for this one. This one reduces property taxes and other tax breaks for small business.

**Moving** [HB2494](#) internal revenue code; conformity (Toma, R, 22). Passed committee 7-0. No fiscal note on this one, either.

**Moving** [HB2240](#) pawnbrokers Kern. Loosens requirements on pawnbrokers. Passed substantive committee 5-4.

**Hearing 2/10 Rules** [SB1237](#) veterans; income tax subtraction; increase. AZ has exempted up to 3,500 from income tax for veteran's benefits or pensions. This increases that the full amount. No fiscal impact statement has been prepared. Committee passed it 8-1. Rules committee Monday.

**Moving** [SCR1003](#) - personal property tax; exemption (Mesnard). Passed committee, 6-4 1/22 and okayed by Rules committee. This bill—if passed by the Legislature and then by the voters -- would increase the exemption from property tax of property used for agriculture, trade, or business from about \$185,000 currently to \$1 million. This would be a tax cut; part of the plan that J.D. Mesnard tried to get passed last year but could not. The fiscal statement estimates it would cost the state General Fund \$1.5 million per year, beginning in FY 2023.

**Passed Senate** [Sb1098 – Unused tax credits](#) - changes from 4 to 3 the number of years before a tax credit is discontinued because no one is using it. This legislation is intended to reduce the number of tax credits by taking off the books those that no one uses as it sometimes is embarrassing for Arizona to admit to the large number of things that are eligible for a tax credit. A tax credit is a dollar-for-dollar reduction in income taxes for each dollar donated. (Mesnard R, LD 17). This bill passed committee 9-0 on 1/17 and the full Senate 29-1. It is not particularly controversial.

**Moving** [SB1134](#) tax credit review; evaluation standard. This bill adds to the responsibilities of the joint tax credit review board a provision to assess whether the tax credit will not increase substantially beyond the estimates at the time the tax credit is put in place. Gray, R, LD 21. It is good that this group might actually meet and review the tax credits!!! Passed committee 9-0.

**Hearing 2/10 Education.** [Hb2002 – tax credit - Arizona student apprenticeship program.](#) Employers can claim a tax credit for the money they pay into the AZ student apprenticeship program. This is another one of many good programs that are proposed to fund through a tax credit – tax credits provide a dollar-for-dollar reduction in income taxes. Some Democrats have said they will not support any more tax credits at all, no matter how worthy the cause, as it takes money directly out of the general fund and reduces the amount that is available for programs. (Carroll, R, LD 22). On education committee agenda Monday.

**Moving** [HB2293](#) renewable energy storage equipment; valuation (Dunn, R, LD 13). Passed committee 8-2 This bill adds tax breaks by exempting items like solar batteries from sales tax and prohibits cities from taxing them. Again, Legislators using good ideas (like energy storage) as a way to cut taxes thereby enabling the state to claim it just does not have the money to fund public services.

**Moving** [HB2356](#) charitable contributions; deduction; increase. (Toma, R, 22). Passed committee 8-2 and Rules 8-0. Another tax cutting bill that increases individual charitable deductions again taking an unknown amount of money out of the general fund. This bill increases the amount a taxpayer can claim for charitable deductions without itemizing.

**Moving** [HB2621](#) - tax credit; water conservation system. Passed committee unanimously Allows a tax credit of 75% for a taxpayer who installs a water conservation system for agricultural use consistent with the plans from a national water conservation district. The plus side is that this encourages water conservation in agricultural uses; the downside is that it is another sizable tax credit (a dollar for dollar reduction in a tax bill) that takes money from the general fund and starves public services. No fiscal impact statement has been posted yet.

**Moving** 02/05. [Ways and Means HB2732](#) tax credit; affordable housing Weninger, R, 17. This bill allows a tax credit (a dollar for dollar reduction in income tax) for low income housing development. No fiscal note has been prepared. Passed committee 4-2-1. The good part of this is encouraging development of low income housing; the problem is that it again reduces the general fund. So instead of the general fund being able to provide vouchers or assistance to people who need low income housing, it provides tax breaks to those developing low income housing.

[Hcr2007 – super majority needed to REDUCE state revenue –](#) any measure that provides for a net decrease in state revenues has to have at least a two-thirds of the members of each house of the legislature. Increases in taxes require a super majority; this would balance the scales. A democratic proposal, unlikely to get a hearing. It is a resolution so would be submitted to the voters for approval. (Powers-Hanley, D, LD 9).

[Sb1116 – sales tax exemption](#) - exempts sale of public safety equipment from sales tax. Just another one of many, many exemptions from the state sales taxed, called the Transaction Privilege Tax (TPT). (Borelli, R, 5). SB 1116 would reduce General Fund revenues by an estimated \$8.0 million and Proposition 301 revenues by \$1.3 million annually starting in FY 2021. SB 1116 would also reduce sales tax revenues by \$1.8 million annually for counties and \$1.1 million annually for cities starting in FY 2021. There would be offsetting savings for cities and counties as well as the state since they would not be paying the sales tax either.

[Hb2009](#) – tax credit for school supplies. a tax credit is allowed for expenses incurred by a qualified schoolteacher for educational supplies and materials that are purchased and used in the schoolteacher's classroom and for uniforms and clothing that are used for educational purposes. Again, a service that ought to be paid for through the general fund is not paid and then is put forward as a tax credit, so school teachers who use their own money to buy school supplies for their classes can take it off their income taxes. A worthy cause – but the education budget should cover school supplies!

[HB2220](#) - property tax exemption; veterans' organizations. This bill exempts any property owned by a veteran's organization that is a non profit to be exempt from property tax. Griffin, R, LD 14. This is the same sort of exemption that religious organizations have.

[HB2345](#) - tax credit; public schools; increase. Increases from \$200 (\$300) to \$400 (\$600) filing singly or jointly the tax credit currently in place for any fees paid to any educational institution. Fillmore, R, LD, 16.

[HB2290](#) - renewable energy production; tax credits. Extends the deadline and increases the amount of tax credit for taxpayers using generators to produce electricity. Dunn, R, 13

### **Economic Justice: Safety Net**

**Hearing** [02/13 at 8:30. HB2104](#) child care assistance; education; training  
Authorizes DES to waive all or a portion of the work requirement and continue to provide child care assistance to a qualified person enrolled full-time in an accredited educational institution, remedial education activity or training program related to the person's employment goals. This is a good bill that eases some of Arizona's restrictive safety net programs. Sponsored by Udall, R, 25.

**Moving** [HB2695](#) TANF; financial literacy education. TANF work requirement that allows a course in financial literacy to count as "work." Passed committee 9-0. Sponsored by Nutt, but bipartisan. R, 14.

**Hearing 2/10 Rules** [SB1323](#) kinship foster care; TANF benefits. Passed appropriations committee Tuesday 8-0-1. This bill changes from 'may' to "is" eligibility for kinship foster care families to be eligible for financial assistance. And, then there is an immediate determination to see if the child is eligible for "child only" temporary assistance for needy families. Brophy McGee, R, 28.

[Hb2066](#) Extend TANF Lifetime eligibility -permit 5 years of lifetime eligibility for TANF (temporary assistance to needy families) instead of 1. Arizona is one of the few states that only permits one year of TANF eligibility – most have at least five. Introduced by a Democrat, probably will not get a hearing. (Powers-Hanley, D, LD 9).

**Education** (Also see “guns / criminal justice” for comments about HB2089 that requires school safety teams).

**Hearing 2/10 Rules [SB1224](#)** voucher expansion. This bill needs an immediate and continuing outcry of opposition as it may appear to be a narrow, limited expansion of the Empowerment Scholarship Program to benefit a handful of families on the Navajo reservation as was done last year, but it is NOT, even after the amendment. The bill was amended even before discussion began and then passed 6-3 on a party line vote. The amendment narrowed the catchment area in which students on American Indian Reservations could use their vouchers to private or religious schools within 2 miles of the STATE border (it originally was the border of any American Indian tribe) in an adjoining state.

Proponents argued at the hearing that this is NOT an expansion of the ESA program and is just a continuation of the agreement last year that permitted 7 families to continue using their ESA scholarships for a private school one-half mile outside the Arizona border – the Hillside Christian academy. But it is not limited to just this one school and just these seven families. The underlying message – straight from remarks that Gov. Doug Ducey has made – is that it is okay for students to take ESA scholarship money and use it for a private school anywhere because it is their money. As the chair of the committee said, the courts have ruled that parents become “independent contractors” who have agreed with the state to take responsibility for their child’s education, and therefore they can use the money for any private school they want. The slippery slope is obvious: if it is “their” money, and they can use it for any private or religious school or home schooling, why does it matter whether it is in Arizona or New Mexico or New York, or a home-schooled educational trip to Paris. The ESA program actually takes the money out of a neighborhood school that the student otherwise would attend and provides it for private, religious, and home schooling.

Many Indians and Indian families spoke against it, and it was noted at the committee hearing that more than 700 people at registered on “request to speak” against it. The Indian families speaking for primarily were those with children attending the Hillsdale Christian Academy.

**Hearing 02/10. Education. [HB2762](#)** project rocket pilot program; appropriations. This would appropriate funds for 3 years for educational programs in schools with grades C, D, and F, to be used for evidence-based improvement. The issue here is that the fund is for 3 years, which precludes its use for on-going expenses such as permanently hired personnel. On the other hand, it is an effort to send money to schools that need it!

**Moving** [HCR2001](#) English language education; requirements (Fillmore, R, 16). Passed committee 10-1 but held by Rules and not on Monday's agenda. Would bring the state's English learning program in line with research that shows bilingual education works better for students who do not speak English or at just learning.

**Moving** [Sb1036](#)- empowerment scholarship accounts (ESAs)- repeals requirement the department of education shall contract with a third-party administrator to assist the department in the financial administration of Arizona empowerment scholarship accounts. This was introduced last year to provide more oversight over the ESAs (which have been used for all kinds of purposes that were not eligible), but not at all clear why it is being repealed. Passed committee 9-0. (Allen, R, LD 6).

**Moving Education Committee.** [Sb1059 – use tax distribution; school report cards/ teacher's raises.](#) Passed 5-3-1 in committee with some Democrats voting yes and others no. All Republicans supported it. This bill specifies how the "use tax" would be used, if it passes (SCR1002). Parts of this bill merit serious consideration and support, but clarifying information is needed from public school advocacy groups on its overall impact. Save Our Schools still has it as "monitoring." The companion bill if passed by voters (SCR1002) increases the sales tax to a full one percent, instead of the .6 of one percent. It also repeals prop 301 so that the funds now all go to education ("3 buckets, not 12") and provides more flexibility to local schools. One section repeals current law that require 40% of teachers raises to be based on school performance grades. Also repeals section that requires 33% of teacher raise to be based on individual teacher performance scores. The bill adds to the things that the classroom site fund can be used for. (Allen, R, LD 6). Along with Brophy McGee's measure, SCR1002, the committee passed on party lines a companion bill from Sen. Sylvia Allen, R-Snowflake, that would give school districts more leeway in how they spend revenue from education sales tax, whether the existing 0.6-cent tax or a new 1-cent tax.

**Moving** [SCR1002](#) Senate Education; Use Tax.-(Brophy McGee, R, 28). Passed committee with 3 Democrats voting no. This would refer to the voters a constitutionally established one percent transaction privilege tax and use tax (sales tax), beginning July 1, 2021. This is the additional one percent sales tax, to replace the previously proposed referenda on a six tenths of one percent tax to be voted on in November, 2020. The arguments are that (on the one hand) it would greatly increase funding for public schools to help replace the cuts of 2008 that still have not been restored; (on the other hand), it is a sales tax typically opposed by Democrats because the burden falls most heavily on low and middle income people compared to a progressive income tax. And, finally, it still is not enough to restore fully the cuts to education of 2008. The bill summary says it will generate \$580,000,000 in FY 2022. This is a very important but difficult issue – education needs more funds, but is this the only source that the state legislature will approve, if they even approve this one. A better solution could be found if Brophy McGee and supporters of the Invest in Education initiative worked together, said David Lujan, director of the Arizona Center for Economic Progress. The Arizona Education Association backs that initiative, INVEST

IN EDUCATION which would levy a 3.5% income tax surcharge on single filers making more than \$250,000 per year and married filers with an annual household income higher than \$500,000.

**Hearing 02/10.** Education [Hb2120 – culturally meaningful graduation paraphernalia](#) - a school district governing board or a charter school may not prohibit a pupil from wearing cultural regalia while participating in a graduation ceremony. (Cook, R, LD 8). A similar bill has been introduced in the Senate (SB2206).

**Moving** [HB2015](#) schools; supplemental materials; approval. Passed committee 6-5 but held on Committee of Whole. This infringes on teachers' ability to choose supplementary material for their classes unless approved by a governing board. Fillmore, R, 16. Also, it was amended to slip in some material from 1082. The amendment stipulated that schools must notify parents where and how they can review course materials and curricula for any classes with a statutory "opt-in" requirement. At present, only sex education classes have such a requirement at the statewide level. The bill must now pass through the House Rules Committee before getting a vote on the floor. Rep. John Fillmore, R-Apache Junction, introduced the bill, which would require educators to seek prior approval from school districts before introducing supplemental materials and teaching aids into the classroom, and the amendment.

**Hearing, 02/10. Education. HB2206** - schools; dress codes; graduation ceremonies – No prohibition on wearing Tribal regalia or other indications of cultural identification during graduation ceremonies. (D. Hernandez, D. LD 2).

**Passed Senate 30-0.** [Sb1061 – parental bill of rights](#) – Passed committee 9-0 and also okayed by Rules committee before a unanimous vote in the Senate. It would require Arizona Department of Education to post a parental bill of rights. It specifies things listed in the bill, most of them directed at moral and religious training. Apparently, no red flags are being raised about this, at least not yet.

**Maybe Dead.** [Sb1082](#) – sex education bill – Was scheduled for hearing first week of the session but was pulled because of the outcry against it. This is massive bill spelling out exactly what school districts have to do to approve sex education program in public and charter schools including notify parents, provide parents with actual topics covered, have a period for public review, and etc. The bill also prohibits sex education before 7<sup>th</sup> grade. (Allen, R, LD 6). She might or might not bring it back. Some parts have been inserted as an amendment in HB2015.

[SB1120](#) - schools; sex education instruction – This bill would provide that parents have to "opt out" if they do not want their child to be in a sex education class. Currently, parents have to "opt in" and schools have to provide an enormous amount of information to parents about what is in the curriculum. There is a similar house bill (see below), HB2067 and also HB2277.

[Hb2018 – charter procurement](#) - public school districts have same procurement rules as charters... this means, pretty lax procurement rules. (Fillmore, R, LD 16)

[Hb2067 – sex education](#) – changes current requirement that parents have to “opt in” for their child to be in a sex education class to “opt out.” (Powers-Hanley, D, LD 9).

[Hb2094 – incentivize teaching](#) - adds school social worker and counselors to the proposal to have an Arizona teacher's academy to incentivize students to go into teaching. (Pawlik D, LD, 17).

[Hb2125 – prohibits school districts](#) - prohibits school district from refusing to enact provisions of a lawful initiative. This bill apparently is aimed at some initiative or some district that is trying to avoid complying with an initiative, but no clarity yet. (Kern, R, LD 20).

[Hb2141 – college requirements](#) - requires six credit hours of college instruction covering the U.S. And Arizona constitutions. Current law lets each university and/or its regents establish the requirements.

[Hb2143 - paying college athletes](#) – this bill prohibits colleges and universities from barring student athletes using their name, image or likeness to earn money. Athlete's name, image or likeness does not affect the student athlete's scholarship eligibility. The college or university cannot be the one that pays them, however.

**Held** - [Hb2166 – high school graduation requirements](#)- adds to high school graduation requirements one on-line course and also continues the current requirements of for 4 English language arts; 3 social studies; 2 lab science (instead of 4), 2 (instead of 4 for math,) 3 stem, 1 fine arts. (Udall, R, LD 25). Held by committee.

[Hb2014 – student discipline.](#) this apparently would permit a teacher to refuse to let a student back into his/her classroom if the student had been expelled from it. (Fillmore, R, LD 16). Not clear the implications of this bill.

[Hb2008 – charter school closures.](#) charter schools have to give 15 day notice before they close. This bill prompted by some sudden charter closures that left students with no school to go to. (Fillmore, R, LD 16).

[Hb2017 – school prayer and pledge of allegiance](#) - for kindergarten programs and grades one through twelve, the bill requires schools to set aside a specific time each day for those students who wish to recite the pledge of allegiance. Also, for K-12, school are required to set aside a one minute each day period of time for quiet reflection and moral reasoning. Parents can opt out of this. (Fillmore, R, LD 16).

[Hb2029 – student tuition organizations](#) – raises the amount to 93% from 90% that has to be used for educational, not admin expenses. STOs are non profits that take donations (for which the donor gets a tax credit) and then distributes these as scholarships to private schools. Current law

permits the non profit to keep 10% for administrative overhead; this reduces it to 7%. (Fillmore, R, LD 16).

[Hb2020 – in state tuition for Dreamers \(DACA\)](#) - prohibits colleges and universities from creating an instate tuition for undocumented students who were brought here as children. It also prohibits colleges from charging less for college than the actual costs, and will take the money out of ABOR allocations if it occurs. (Fillmore, R, LD 16).

[HB2209](#) - schools; instruction; Native American experience – History of Native Americans would be taught K-12.m (Fernandez, D, LD 4).

[HB2277](#) - schools; sex education instruction. D. Hernandez, opt out of sex education (D, LD 2). This bill also requires public and charter schools to provide sex education from first through 12<sup>th</sup> grades.

[HB2327](#) STO scholarships; beneficiary recommendations Prohibits recommendations from donor; friese, D, 9

[HB2328](#) STO scholarships; student transfers limits or removes scholarship if student transfers, friese, d, 9

[HB2329](#) STOs; administrative costs; allocation STOs have to use 95% (not 90%) for scholarships, friese, d, 9,

[HB2330](#) STO scholarships; means testing 66% has to go to families that are within 185% of school free lunch standard, d, 9

**Environment** (for more detailed information, check the Sierra Club legislative update at this link <https://www.sierraclub.org/arizona/2020-legislative-updates>).

**Hearing.** [02/12. Natural Resources SB1475](#) aquifer protection permits; injection wells. This bill tries to clarify what aquifers are or are not protected from injection wells. Injection wells are used with oil and gas production but the sludge from fracking seems especially harmful when injected into wells. Not clear what the implications are.

**Moving.** [SB1222 and HB 2686](#). building permits; utilities; restrictions; prohibitions. SB1222 passed committee 4-3. And 2686 passed committee 5-3 and also Rules, although 3 Democrats in the Rules committee voted against it. These bills limit the ability of local government to extend gas lines or limit gas hookups in new construction to limit green house gas emissions. The bills protect monopoly utility providers. The House bill is Bowers, R, 25 and the Senate is Fann, R,

LD 1. Here's what the Sierra Club says."These bills are being promoted by Southwest Gas to prohibit local government from limiting extension of gas lines in areas for new construction and limit gas hookups in new construction. Similar bills are being promoted in other states by the American Gas Association. These bills are in response to communities limiting new gas lines and limiting gas in new construction to protect public health and limit greenhouse gas emissions."

**Moving** [HB2686](#) HB2686 building permits; utilities; restrictions; prohibitions (Bowers). Bill passed committee 8-5. This is being promoted by Southwest Gas to limit local government's ability to limit extension of fracked gas lines in areas for new construction. Communities in other states have done this to protect public health and limit greenhouse gas emissions. Sierra club is adamantly opposed to this, and to SB1222 which does the same thing.

**Moving.** [HB2313](#) fire sprinklers; existing buildings; prohibition (Grantham, R, 12). This is a preemption bill whereby the legislature prohibits local governments from regulating business. This particular bill prohibits a local government from requiring fire sprinklers in buildings that were constructed without them. Passed committee 4-3.

**Moving.** [HB2672](#) water rights Griffin R, 14 Prohibits a person, the state or its political subdivisions with a better right to appropriate water from preventing the exercise of a junior water right unless doing so would produce water for beneficial use for the better right holder. Sierra club opposes, calling it a convoluted bill that probably would make it hard to keep water in rivers. The "better" water right is the first person or entity that used it. Passed committee 7-5.

**Held** Federal Relations Committee. [HB2252](#) land management; federal regulations; nullification . All federal regulations from 2020 onward from federal government, BLM, or other agencies pertaining to land in Arizona are void. This is another one of Arizona's efforts to block federal management or control over land within the state. The rationale often is that this takes tax money from the state; but the underlying reason is the prohibition on mineral development. Blackman, R, 6.

**Moving** [HB2497](#) lawn equipment emissions reduction program Passed committee 12-0 and Rules said OK. (Dunn: Biasiucci, Finchem, et al.) allows people to turn in gasoline lawn equipment and get a voucher to replace it with a reel mower. Currently, it applies only to electric mowers. SUPPORT.

[Sb1046](#) prohibiting sale / gift to federal government - prohibits private land owner from selling or giving land to feds without legislature also approving. This is another bill attempting to reduce amount of public land and reduce environmental protections. (Borelli, R, LD 5)/

[Hb2027](#) Evaporative coolers. permit residential coolers to be used for non residential cooling under some circumstances. (Fillmore, R, LD 16).

[Hb2101](#) Water protection fund. appropriates 1 million to Az water protection fund. (Griffin, R, LD 14).

[Hb2022](#) - environment discussion in schools - strikes the sentence that requires a discussion of economic and social impacts of climate change in public schools, but retains "scientifically reliable" information. (Fillmore, R, LD 16).

[HB2454](#) archeology advisory commission; membership. Griffin , R, 14. Increases the membership of the Governor's Archaeology Advisory Commission (Commission) to 13 members and specifies that one member must be a rancher and another must be a natural resource conservation district (NRCD) member.

[HB2290](#) - renewable energy production; tax credits. Extends the deadline and increases the amount of tax credit for taxpayers using generators to produce electricity. Dunn, R, 13.

**Human rights** (also see [Health](#)). (Abortion bills are listed in health).

**Hearing 02/13.** [HB2706](#) interscholastic athletics; biological sex (Barto, R, 15). This would make it illegal for a person to participate in a sports team other than the one of their "biological" sex (assigned at birth). Will be heard Thursday. Most progressives support the full transition of transgender folks, not partial ones as this bill would require.

**Hearing 02/13** [SCR1044](#) supporting border security. Mesnard, R, 17. Resolution supporting federal investment in border security. This resolution has no real effect, but it puts Arizona squarely in the camp of "building the wall" and is part of the on-going effort to demonize immigrants and refugees.

**Moving** [HB2642](#) civil rights amendments Passed committee 9-0 02/04. Under current law it is unlawful for an employer to discriminate against any individual with respect to employment because of the individual's race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin or on the basis of disability. This bill adds pregnant women to the list of people protected by the anti-discrimination law. It asserts that women who are affected by pregnancy, childbirth or related medical conditions must be treated the same for all employment-related purposes as others that are not affected but similar in their ability or inability to work. a) (Wininger, R, LD17)

**Passed House** [Hb2084 - immigration](#) - Passed on reconsideration by 31-29 vote. No permits needed to build a wall along the border if owner says ok. Petersen, R, LD 12). This passed committee 4-3. It was amended to at least require an engineering certification.

[Scr1001 - ERA](#) - Equal Rights Amendment again introduced in Senate and House (House HCR2002). This came within a whisker of getting a floor vote last year, but failed on a procedural vote. Maybe this year! (Senate sponsor - Sen. Steele, D, LD 9). House sponsors,

many Democrats but no Republicans so far. Virginia has passed it, and now if Congress will repeal the deadline (or a court strike it down), the ERA would be secure.

**Hearing 02/06** but no report. [HB2598](#) sanctuary jurisdiction; liability; civil action. Another bill strengthening the case against cities or counties becoming “sanctuary cities” and not complying with federal immigration authorities. It provides for civil penalties against individuals who do not comply with federal immigration and also permits persons who are victims of crimes by undocumented persons in a sanctuary city to sue the city. Another anti-immigrant and anti-refugee bill. Roberts, R, 11

[Sb1071 – immigration](#) - repeals those sections of previous anti-immigrant law that permits law enforcement to inquire about immigrant status, repeals the section that criminalizes transporting undocumented persons, etc. (Quezada, D, LD 29).

[Hcr2002 – ERA ratification.](#) Long list of co sponsors but all are demos so far  
HCR2024 – a State ERA – would pass the ERA for Arizona. Engel, D 10.

[Hb2074 – pro gender identity](#) - record death certificates with the gender identity the person used (Gabaldon, D, LD 2).

[Hb2075 – pro gender identity](#) - on driver’s license, use non binary if a person wants it (Gabaldon, D, LD 2)

[Hb2080 – anti-gender identity](#) - on state documents, use only male/female (Fillmore, R, LD 16)

[Hb2081- anti-gender identity](#) - only record male or female on birth certificate, no matter what parents say (Fillmore, R, LD 16)

[Hb2082 – anti-gender identity](#) – prohibits requiring a school superintendent, principal or teacher or another officer or employee of a public school to use a sex or gender pronoun in reference to a student other than the sex or gender pronoun that corresponds to the sex listed on that student's birth certificate. (Fillmore, R, LD 16)

[Hearing 02/13.](#) [HB2706](#) interscholastic athletics; biological sex (Barto, R, 15). This would make it illegal for a transgender man to participate in women’s sports in Arizona.

[Hb2153 – traditional family](#) - strengthens current state law favoring two parent visitation arrangements by adding "clear and convincing evidence" to prevent one from having fully participatory rights. (Blackman, R, LD 6).

**Guns / crime** (for more detailed information on criminal justice issues, check out the legislative update from Diane Post at

<https://mail.google.com/mail/u/0/#inbox/FMfcgxwGCtNXwTBqjBxhMWhJcsPSFwJJ>) and google Guns Violence Prevention Arizona to get on their mailing list.

Hearing 02/12. [HB2089](#) schools; safety; threat assessment teams. Passed 8-5 and now up before the public safety committee. Kavanagh, R, 23. There is grave concern about this bill from the Gun Violence Prevention Arizona group (GVPA). The bill requires each public school district to create a threat assessment team to assess and deal with individuals whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of school staff or students. Teams must include individuals with expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration and law enforcement, subject to staff availability. Allows law enforcement to request any case information and conduct a check of possible criminal history records for individuals who are deemed to be a threat. GVPA is especially concerned that there will be no counselors on many of these teams and that the assessment of a student's behavior as threatening may be tainted by case information from law enforcement. Read between the lines: this is the kind of bill that easily creates groups that engage in racial and social class profiling exacerbating the "school to jail" problem that is such a threat to students of color and those without much in the way of resources.

**Held** [HB2031](#) - school marshals; requirements; training. **TABLED!** This bill sets standards for school marshal training, and includes stipulations that the written policy MUST provide that a school marshal may carry a loaded, concealed handgun unless their primary duties involves regular, direct contact with students. Also, any employee of a school who has a concealed carry permit (CCW) may apply to become a school marshal and undergo training to be established by the Dept of Public Safety. School districts may not prohibit persons with concealed carry permits from transporting or storing a handgun or other firearm or ammunition in a locked car on school grounds. Good that it was tabled. Maybe it is dead.

[Hb2003 – gun regulation](#) - a county, city, town or other political subdivision of this state may not prohibit a person from possessing a firearm unless the person is a prohibited possessor or a court of competent jurisdiction issues an order that prohibits the person from possessing a firearm (Fillmore, R, LD 16).

[Hb2036 – drug sentences – for](#) fentanyl, heroin, and carfentanyl or other fentanyl drugs, this bill sets minimum, presumptive, and max sentences. Passed committee 6-4. Seems to be just another minimum sentence bill that takes discretion from judges. Usually, these are a bad idea. (Pierce R, LD 1).

[Hb2070 – pre arrest diversion](#). allows local pre arrest diversion programs (Blackman, R, LD 6)

[Hb2093 – second amendment protection](#) - this state and all political subdivisions of this state are prohibited from using any personnel or financial resources to enforce, administer or cooperate with any act, law, treaty, order, rule or regulation of the United States government that violates amendment II of 15 the constitution of the united states. (Biasiucci, R, LD 5)

## Health

**Hearing 02/13.** [SCR1020](#) initiatives; public safety; health; amendments (Leach, R, 11) This bill exempts initiatives or referenda related to public health or safety from the Voter Protection Act. The Voter protection act says that the legislature cannot simply overturn a citizen-passed initiative or referenda with a majority vote, but requires a ¾ vote to change it and the change must further the purposes of the original initiative. This bill exempts public safety and health measures passed by citizens and permits the legislature to overturn these by a simple majority and, in fact, pass something diametrically opposed to the initiative itself. Why? Possible fear of Arizona passing a women's reproductive rights bill that would stop the legislature from its repeated efforts to make abortion difficult. Or, maybe not. The hearing might help clear up whatever the "problem" is this bill is directed toward.

**Hearing 02/13.** [SCR1029](#) abortion data; survivors act; supporting. This asserts the Legislature's support for the federal anti abortion act: (Kerr, R, 13). It has no real effect, except to allow anti-abortion activists to make their case before the legislature and reinforce support for Arizona's own "born alive" legislation that passed last year. Here's parts of it:

Whereas, the Born-Alive Abortion Survivors Protection Act supplements existing federal law to require that health care providers "exercise the same degree of professional skill, care and diligence to preserve the life and health of a child" born alive following an attempted abortion as the provider "would render to any other child born alive"; and Whereas, a February 2017 poll by the Susan B. Anthony List found that 77% of Americans support legislation "that would ensure that a baby who survives a failed abortion would be given the same medical treatment as any other baby born prematurely at the same age"; and Whereas, the citizens of this state strongly support laws providing legal recognition and protection for born-alive infants, including those who survive attempted abortions, as evidenced by Arizona's enactment of section 36-2301, Arizona Revised Statutes, which requires a physician performing an abortion and any other physician in attendance to use "all available means and medical skills" to "promote, preserve and maintain the life" of a fetus or embryo who is delivered alive; and ....

**Hearing 02/10. Senate Rules** [SB1328](#) appropriations; direct services; referrals. Anti-Abortion bill. Passed committee 5-4. This bill has two parts. One provides 1.5 million for the 2-1-1 community information and referral line that is part of a nation-wide program (like 9-1-1, but for health information), but anti-abortion restrictions have been built into it this year. PAFCO (protecting Arizona Families Coalition) urges contact with legislators to take out the anti-abortion restrictions and if that fails, to kill the bill. The other part provides \$1.5 million for a non profit to provide health services to pregnant women and prohibits the non profit from mentioning abortion services or possibilities. This is another anti-abortion bill. Passed the substantive committee in each chamber on 5-4 and rules is next, then a floor vote.

**Hearing 02/06.** [HB2388](#) appropriations; direct services; referrals. Same as 1328. It also passed 5-4 but not scheduled yet for Rules.

**Hearing 02/10.** [SB1397](#) insurance; preexisting condition exclusions; prohibition (Mesnard, R, LD 17). Passed committee 9-0-1. On rules agenda 02/10. This bill protects Arizonans in case the federal courts declares the Affordable Care Act unconstitutional in its entirety. The bill Requires health care insurers offering individual health plans in Arizona to provide guaranteed availability of coverage to eligible individuals. 2. Prohibits health care insurers who offer individual health plans in Arizona from: a) declining to offer coverage to any individual; b) denying enrollment of any individual; or c) imposing any preexisting condition exclusions.

**Moving** [Sb1027 – pelvic exam](#) - on an anesthetized or unconscious patient, a pelvic exam may not be conducted without first obtaining the patient's informed consent (unless emergency). (Carter, R, LD 15). Passed committee 8-0 but was retained on Committee of the Whole calendar. Not sure why the prohibition is only on unconscious patients . There's also a House bill of the same content, HB 2051 sponsored by Barto, R, LD 15).

**Moving** [Hb2051 – pelvic exams](#). cant do pelvic exams on unconscious woman without written consent. Passed unanimously in committee.

All of these bills expand Arizona's Medicaid program!

- **Hearing. Health Human Services, 02/12.** [SB1472](#) AHCCCS; postpartum visits; incentive payments
- **Moving.** [HB2244](#) - AHCCCS; dental services; Native Americans. Passed 9-0. Expands Medicaid to American Indians for dental care. Shope, R, LD 8. Held on COW
- **Moving** [HB2246](#) - AHCCCS services; diabetes management. Expands Medicaid for diabetes management. Passed committee 9-0. Shope, R, LD 8 If DSMT were covered, AHCCCS intends to reimburse providers at \$97.68 per hour. Therefore, the 67,500 hours would have a Total Fund cost of \$6.6 million. Of this amount, \$800,000 would be covered by the General Fund, \$600,000 by the Hospital Assessment, \$29,200 by county contributions to Long Term Care, and \$5.2 million by Federal Funds. AHCCCS' utilization estimates, however, are subject to substantial uncertainty.
- **Moving** [Health and Human Services. SB1163](#) substance abuse treatment; AHCCCS. Extends AHCCCS (Medicaid) coverage to include substance abuse treatment. Passed unanimously. Brophy McGee, R, 28
- **Hearing. Appropriations 02/11. Moving** [SB1170](#) AHCCCS; pregnant women; dental care Extends AHCCCS (Medicaid) coverage to include dental care for pregnant women. Passed 8-0. Brophy McGee, R, 28

- **Moving** [HB2052](#) - AHCCCS; chiropractic care; report – would expand Medicaid AHCCCS to cover chiropractic care if ordered by a physician. Barto, R, LD 15. Passed committee 9-0.
- **Hearing 02/13.** HHS at 8:30 [HB2727](#) AHCCCS; pregnant women; dental care. adds pregnant women dental care to AHCCCS
- **Hearing 02/13.** [HB2632](#) AHCCCS; eligibility Blackman, R, 6. This allows annual renewal of AHCCCS eligibility for former wards of the state without seeking new information from the person. Eases continuing eligibility criteria just a bit.

[Hb2068 – health and religion.](#) if a business denies medicine for religious beliefs, have to post the medicines that it will not provide. (Powers – Hanley, D, LD 9).

[Sb1028 – health emergency](#) – prohibits treatment that the person does not want nor authorize. (Carter, R, LD 15).

[SB1218](#) abortion; authorized providers; waiting period expands abortion to physician assistants and nurse practitioners; repeals the "reflection" period Steele, D, LD 9.

### Action Suggestions:

**Check your Registration!** March 17, Democratic Presidential Primary. The Republicans are not having one. To vote in the Democratic Presidential primary, you must be registered as a Democrat and the deadline for that is February 18. **to get an early ballot, or other information, go to this link:** <https://recorder.maricopa.gov/elections/>

### Get Out the Vote 2020

If you live in Maricopa County, you can become a “deputy Registrar” and get regular updates on how you can help GOTV (get out the vote) in 2020. The next training is Thursday, 1/30, 6:30 to 8:30 p.m. at the Chandler Girls and Boys club, 300 E Chandler Blvd Chandler AZ 85244. Once trained, you will get regular updates on where and when volunteers are needed to help insure that every eligible person is registered and able to vote in 2020. Additional dates are listed as well: [www.tinyurl.com/DRClass20](http://www.tinyurl.com/DRClass20).

**The ERA - Virginia has passed the ERA and become the 38<sup>th</sup> state to pass the ERA. But you say, I thought the deadline has long passed? Yes, it has.**

- **Some say that the ERA WILL GO INTO EFFECT IMMEDIATELY in spite of the deadline that had been set by Congress. If this is correct, then it can be used immediately and enforcing that deadline and trying to stop it from becoming law will be up to those who oppose equal rights for women as they will have to challenge its use.**
- **Congress Could Extend or repeal the Deadline!** H.J.Res 79 to extend or remove the timeline has passed committee and is awaiting a floor vote in the U.S. Congress. Contact your congressional representative (use Resistbot) and tell them to urge Hoyer and Pelosi to schedule it and to support the bill when it comes to the floor. On the Senate side (S.J.Res 6), Senator Sinema has co-sponsored but Senator McSally has not. A call to McSally is in order here!

## **CONTACT INFORMATION**

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<a href="#">Senator Kyrsten Sinema (D- AZ)</a>	224-4521	226-4386	<a href="mailto:contact@sinema.senate.gov">contact@sinema.senate.gov</a>
<a href="#">Rep Tom O'Halleran (D – 01)</a>	225-3361	225-3462	<a href="https://ohalleran.house.gov/contact">https://ohalleran.house.gov/contact</a>
<a href="#">Rep Ann Kirkpatrick (D – 02)</a>	225-2542	225-0378	<a href="https://kirkpatrick.house.gov/contact">https://kirkpatrick.house.gov/contact</a>
<a href="#">Rep Raul M. Grijalva (D – 03)</a>	225-2435	225-1541	<a href="https://grijalva.house.gov/connect-with-raul">https://grijalva.house.gov/connect-with-raul</a>
<a href="#">Rep Paul A. Gosar (R – 04)</a>	225-2315	226-9739	<a href="https://gosar.house.gov/contact-me/email-me">https://gosar.house.gov/contact-me/email-me</a>
<a href="#">Rep Andy Biggs (R – 05)</a>	225-2635	226-4386	<a href="https://biggs.house.gov/contact">https://biggs.house.gov/contact</a>
<a href="#">Rep David Schweikert (R – 06)</a>	225-2190	225-0096	<a href="https://schweikert.house.gov/contact-form">https://schweikert.house.gov/contact-form</a>
<a href="#">Rep Ruben Gallego (D – 07)</a>	225-4065	225-1655	<a href="https://rubengallego.house.gov/contact">https://rubengallego.house.gov/contact</a>
<a href="#">Rep Debbie Lesko (R – 08)</a>	225-4576	225-6328	<a href="https://lesko.house.gov/contact/">https://lesko.house.gov/contact/</a>
<a href="#">Rep Greg Stanton (D – 09)</a>	225-9888	225-9731	<a href="https://stanton.house.gov/contact">https://stanton.house.gov/contact</a>

**U.S. Senate –**

- **Kyrsten Sinema** - 825B&C Hart Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510 Phone: 202-224-4521  
**Phoenix** Phone: 602-598-7327 **Email:** [contact@sinema.senate.gov](mailto:contact@sinema.senate.gov)

**Martha McSally** \_B40D Dirksen Senate Office Building Washington, DC 20510 Phone: 202-224-2235  
Email: [contact@mcsally.senate.gov](mailto:contact@mcsally.senate.gov)

**Request to Speak** – This is a way to “be heard” at the legislature without being there at all! But, first, you must be signed up. If you have signed up in the past, your old information will still get you in. If not, then go to the capitol, go to the first floor of senate or house buildings, 1700 W. Washington, and use the computer to sign up. There are people there to help you. Then, here’s how to use it there or from your phone or your computer at home:

- Get the # of the bill – You can get it from this newsletter.
- On the azleg.gov site <https://www.azleg.gov/> click on Legislative Information, then on Request to Speak
- Click on “new request” (on the menu on the left)
- Put in the bill #. (or put in name of a committee, and hit “search” to see the committee’s upcoming agenda and choose the bill #)
- You should get a message (scroll down if needed). If it says “no active agenda” then it isn’t before a committee. If you want to register your opinion anyway, click on “my bill positions” (on the menu on the left), and indicate yes or no on the bill.
- If it is before a committee, (scroll down a little to see) it will ask if you actually want to speak at the committee hearing (probably not, just click “no”) and then register for/against and put in your comment if you want.

If you want to review the bill, click on “documents” and review the bill itself or the House or Senate “fact sheet.”

## **Resistbot.io - How to use it.**

Click on the “messages” icon on your I-phone, then click on the pencil in the top right-hand corner. You will get a “To: “ screen. Put in 504-09 and then in the message type “resist.” They will respond and ask for your zip code or address and what you want to do. This is a free service, reportedly developed by volunteers. It will ask for your zip code or address, and then you can send a fax, letter, make a phone call, send an e-mail to Sen. Sinema and McSally and the House member as well or even to Governor Ducey.

I just did it this morning and selected “call.” They called me back connecting me to each Senators office and I left a message for McSally and actually talked to a staff member in Sinema’s office.

After you have sent several, it will ask you which of the various people you want it sent to. At first, it just sends to all three, later it will add state-level elected officials, too. You get more services after you’ve used it awhile!

## **Valley Unitarian Universalist Congregation –**

Senior Minister, Rev. Dr. Andy Burnette; Music Minister, Rev. Kellie Walker; Director of Faith Formation, Marci Beaudoin. Administrator, Sue Ringler. Located: 6400 W. Del Rio Drive, Chandler, AZ 480 899 4249 [www.vuu.org](http://www.vuu.org) For previous copies of the *Arizona Legislative Alert*, and for all weeks (so far) of the 50 Week Action Plan go to <https://www.vuu.org/legislative-advocacy>. VUU holds services at 10:30 to 11:30 on Sunday.

Unitarian Universalist Justice Arizona Network -- Executive Director Jenine Galsinger; Policy Coordinator, Anne L. Schneider. [www.uujaz.org](http://www.uujaz.org). Board members:  
Rev. Redeem Robinson, incoming Co-President 1/20 Rev. Terry Sims, Treasurer, Sharon Travis, outgoing Secretary. Dr. Stuart Rhoden, member-at-large, Rev. Matthew Crary, member-at-large. Savannah Sanders, Co-President, Rev. Bethany Russell-Lowe, incoming Treasurer 1/20, Ceyshe Napa, Secretary, Molly Divine, member-at-large.